

The Miner.

Local Intelligence.

Prescott, July 16, 1879.

Governor Safford's Levee.

On the 9th instant, Governor Safford held a levee at the residence of U. S. Collector Bashford, to which a general invitation was extended to our citizens, very many of whom were present, and among them, General Stenman, and Cogswell, who had but recently arrived at their new headquarters, and had the opportunity of paying their respects to the Governor. The affair was pleasant and quite opportune, as it afforded an occasion for our people to hear from the heads of both the civil and military departments of our Territory, with reference to their present views and future purposes, as well as to renew their acquaintance with the Governor, and make that of the military commanders of the Department of Arizona. After the usual introductions, and some time spent in partaking of cheering refreshments, and social converse, Judge Berry, in brief and fitting remarks on behalf of the citizens of Prescott and himself, extended a cordial welcome to General Stenman.

The General being called upon, replied that the kind reception he had met with, not only on the present occasion, but everywhere he had been since his arrival in the Territory, could not do otherwise than produce a feeling of gratification, and stimulate a purpose of his to do all that it was possible with his available means, to give safety and security to life and property, and develop the resources of the Territory. He said one of the first and paramount objects to be attained was the settlement of the country, for then the people would protect themselves, and to that end he should labor to open up more and better ways on roads and secure increased mail facilities, as well as subside the Indians. He recommended farmers and miners to settle conveniently near together, in such numbers that they could protect themselves, as it would be impossible for him to afford soldiers to guard every farming or mining camp, and any attempt to do so would destroy the efficiency of the troops at his command. By settling as he recommended, it would enable him to move his troops into the mountains, where the Indians live, and by thus concentrating them, less would be required for camp duty, and more could be against the Indians. It was his intention, he said, to sometime the coming fall, make a concentrated movement against the Apaches, with all the available force under his command, and at that time all citizens who desired to take a hand in the campaign would be welcome to do so and supplied with rations; also, at any time when a scout were sent out, he was willing and desirous that miners should accompany it and prospect the country, and that the troops would be instructed to extend them every facility not inconsistent with the service. He observed that his first order to post commanders was "to regard as hostile all Indians not known to be friendly." His confidence in the future of the Territory was great, and greatly strengthened by what he had so recently observed for the first time, though his acquaintance with the Territory began some twenty years ago; said the grazing was unsurpassed within the ample limits of our national domain, and believed the time not far distant when Arizona would take front rank as a gold and silver producing State.

The General concluded his remarks by assuring the people that if the relations so pleasantly begun with them did not continue, it should not be his fault.

Governor Safford being then called upon, responded by saying that in the performance of what he conceived to be his duty, he had traveled extensively over the Territory to make himself personally acquainted with the people and their wants, and to do all he could to aid and encourage them; also to make himself familiar with the resources of the country, that he had observed the bravery of the people in enduring privations and hardships, and dangers, and that it commanded his highest admiration; he was proud of them as Americans and citizens of Arizona. That, notwithstanding the Apache depredations were widespread and afflicted every neighborhood within our borders, yet he had never seen a people more attached to their homes, nor more determined to remain in possession. He adverted to the fact that the creation of a separate military Department, with General Stenman in command, had aroused a new hope in every part of the Territory for a more secure and prosperous future, and that it had been his pleasure, as it was his duty, since he had been chief executive of the Territory, to co-operate with, and by every possible means within his power, sustain the military authorities; that considering the small force at their command, and the obstacles constantly to be met, they had performed most excellent service, and that the good effects thereof were fully acknowledged and appreciated, and the thanks of the people were due therefor, and that it was his intention in the future as in the past to exert himself to the fullest extent of his power to support and strengthen the military authorities.

The Governor also alluded, in a few eloquent remarks, to the important service performed in the southern part of the Territory by General Cogswell, and recently in command of that Sub-District, and the high esteem in which he was held in Southern Arizona.

General Stenman remarked that he heartily endorsed every word said by Governor Safford relative to General Cogswell, and to prove his high regard for him, he had chosen him for his chief confidential adviser.

General Cogswell responded to a call, in a few fitting remarks, and expressed a purpose to continue to exert his influence to punish the Indians upon all occasions.

At the close of these formal exercises, another season of free and easy conversation ensued, at the close of which the guests retired with a common expression of satisfaction, and most agreeably pleased to find that in the Department Commander, they had a man who recognized the great wealth of the Territory, the hindrances to its acquisition, and the determination to labor for the common welfare.

The grassy hills adjacent to town look beautiful since the recent rains.

Letter from Camp Verde.

[CORRESPONDENCE ARIZONA MINER.]

CAMP VERDE, Yavapai County, Arizona, July 2, 1879.

The new road from this Camp via Death Canyon, to avoid Grief Hill, is now finished, and traveling over it has already been commenced. It intersects the old road east of Ash Creek crossing, running in a north-easterly direction through Death Canyon, and strikes the Verde river about one mile north-west of the post. The road is an excellent one in every particular, the grades are light, with a good hard bottom; no stones or rocks, plenty of grass and water. It also passes through a fine forest of pine, which is a great relief to the traveler after traveling days among the mosquito and chapparal.

Too much praise cannot be given to the officers who have had charge of this work, for the energy they have displayed in pushing forward the enterprise, especially Lieutenant Owen, of the 21st Infantry, who superintended the work constantly from the time it was commenced, about five months ago, until finished. But, at the same time, in speaking of the officers, the soldiers of Company E, 21st Infantry, must not be forgotten, as they did all the hard work. A more industrious party cannot be found in the whole Territory. If civilians had been employed at \$5.00 per day, no more work would have been accomplished than was done by these soldiers at the small pitance of 20 cents per day. The work will show for itself. Nearly eight miles of it had to be graded with the pick and shovel, and no person who is a judge of labor of this kind will say ought in disparagement. This work is purely a military one, having been completed entirely by the soldiers. The entire distance from Camp Verde to the intersection of the old road is seventeen miles, and now the traveler has the preference of taking either the new road by Death Canyon, or the old one via Grief Hill, either one dangerous enough.

INSANE.—Mike Bratler, an old and well-known citizen of this precinct, lost control of his reason, last week, and on becoming obstreperous was taken in charge by the Sheriff and confined in one of the cells of the jail, where he "made some howl" for a while. Medicine was administered to him, and upon showing symptoms of returning reason, he was set free. He soon again, however, relapsed into "know-nothingness," and on Friday night of last week, went down to Fort Whipple, took position in front of the officers' quarters, and aroused the whole garrison by discharging a huge old musket and hurrahing for General Jackson and Grant. For this "patriotic" feat, he was placed in the guard-house, where he kept up a fearful noise until next morning, when he was brought to town, turned loose, and allowed to act his own way until friends took him in charge and had him taken to his ranch, where he now is, in charge of two men. Various causes are assigned for Mike's madness, but the true cause, as we believe, is that his head is "not well balanced." Not long since, he had some property left him by a his native country—Germany, and the fact that he was not there to take possession of and use it, worried him considerably. We learn that he has a brother residing in Cincinnati, Ohio.

As cases of this kind are likely to occur again, and as the Territory is without an Insane Asylum, arrangements should be made with California whereby that State will take care of our insane, and we are glad to know that Governor Safford means to press the matter upon the attention of the next Legislature.

POLITICS.—THE FIRST MOVE.—Acting, we presume, upon the axiom that "early bird gets the worm," our fellow-citizen, John M. Branaman, of Woolsey Valley, is in the field as an independent Democratic candidate for the office of Sheriff of this county. He is well known in this section, as an enterprising farmer, and as there is plenty of time in which to electioneer, before the date of next election—November 5th—Mr. Branaman may become as well and favorably known in the other portions of the county as he is in this.

DIED.—Gerard Johnson died yesterday morning, in the hospital at Fort Whipple, and Francis Hinton, formerly of the firm of Hinton, Hooper & Co., died, recently, near San Diego, California. Both were old, well-known and highly esteemed citizens of this Territory, and their death will be mourned by hundreds of our people.

FLOOD IN GRANITE.—Granite creek, below Fort Whipple, was, on last Saturday afternoon, up and booming, and we learn that some damage was done to ranches in Whipple Valley. The rain storm that caused this flood was a hard one. At Fort Whipple, one mile below Prescott, a cellar containing several thousand pounds of butter, in kegs, was flooded, and the butter had to be fished out.

THANKS.—We are indebted to Mr. Watson, correspondent of the San Francisco Bulletin, for the able written account of Governor Safford's levee, which is printed in another column of to-day's MINER.

Governor Safford, Messrs. Watson, Atchison, and a few of our citizens, made a flying visit to the Hassayampa Quartz Mining District during the early part of the week, and came back to town well pleased with what they had seen. They visited the Chase and other mines; also the Quartz Mountain saw-mill. Messrs. Watson and Atchison started for Big Bug District a day or two ago, in company with two honest miners of that district—C. T. Rogers and Billy Gavin. Last week, they visited Walker's District, and formed a good opinion of it. The Governor, General Stenman, and others, intend starting out this morning, to visit Camp Verde, fifty miles east of here.

CITIZENS WHO HAVE DISTINGUISHED THEMSELVES.—There are in this Territory many, very many, citizens who have distinguished themselves and rendered the country good service by "reconstructing" copper-colored rascals, among whom there are none more worthy than I. Q. Dickason and John Townsend, of this county. The former gentleman has killed thirteen Indians; the latter, some seven or eight. Dickason's bravery is of the cool, calculating kind; while Townsend's is rash and impulsive. Both are "dead" of shot, and the savage who comes within range of their rifles or revolvers had better never be born.

IN TENTS.—Headquarters of the Department of Arizona are at present in tents, near Fort Whipple. General Stenman and his efficient Adjutant General, Col. Stone, have been hard at work ever since their arrival here, putting the machinery of the Department in motion, and getting the hang of things. We presume that work upon buildings for headquarters will soon be commenced, as living in tents must be rather unpleasant these hot days. As yet, it is impossible for us to tell whether headquarters will be built in Prescott or at Fort Whipple.

BRICK.—John Martin, of this place, has now in the kiln, ready for burning, all of 300,000 brick. Should matters continue to look favorable, he will, during the present summer, mould and burn another and larger kiln.

The Pacific Railroad.

Dispatches from Washington to the Los Angeles Star of a recent date bring intelligence of the passage by the Senate of the Southern Pacific railroad bill.

It is also stated that the Atlantic and Pacific railroad bill was under the consideration of the Senate, and an amendment by Harlan was adopted.

Further, that the Texas Pacific railroad bill was under consideration, but on an objection by Casserly, it was laid over under the rule. And lastly, we have the announcement, that the President has signed the joint resolution concerning the Southern Pacific railroad of California.

It will be seen that this information is considerably mixed, but we lay the dispatches before the reader so that he may judge of the matter for himself.

Washington, June 27.—In the Senate at the evening session, the Pacific bill was resumed, and Wilson's amendment for a uniform five foot gauge, from Marshall to San Diego, was adopted by 56 to 7.

An amendment by Stewart, authorizing the Southern Pacific Railroad of California to connect with the Pacific, with a branch road, was adopted; also, an amendment by Sawyer, that all iron and steel used shall be purchased in the United States. The bill then passed.

The Atlantic and Pacific bill was made the order for the morning hour on Tuesday, and the Senate adjourned.

In the Senate the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad bill was considered as business of the morning hour. An amendment by Harlan, that neither the original or present land grant shall apply to lands within the Indian territory, and requiring full compensation to owners for lands taken from the Indians for depots, etc., was adopted, by 25 against 20.

Cameras entered a motion to reconsider the vote on the Texas Pacific Railroad bill, so as to amend by providing that the amount for foreign iron to be used should be limited to 20,000 tons. He asked its present consideration. Casserly objected.

The President has signed the joint resolution concerning the Southern Pacific Railroad of California.

The importance of the passage of this bill cannot well be estimated. It will impart confidence to the people along the line through which it passes—it will encourage the drooping, give energy to the active, and strengthen the hopes of all. The line through the Southern counties must be pushed along. San Francisco can no longer play the indifferent spectator. Her supremacy trembles in the balance. What with Oakland in front of her—San Diego south of her, if she remains inactive, there is but one result.

We have this, in addition, from the *Alta* of the 29th. As the Senate has passed the bill, it is not likely the House will make any serious objections.

The passage of the Southern Pacific Railroad bill by the United States Senate will be accepted by the people generally as a renewed indication of the desire of Congress to foster those great enterprises which contemplate binding the shores of the Atlantic and Pacific together. We have already one Pacific railroad in successful operation, and in the North a second one has lately been authorized and will be built as speedily as the natural obstacles in the way of the work can be overcome. The Southern railroad has for its terminus San Diego, in California, and Marshall in the southern corner of Texas; the line has not yet been located, but its general direction is along the 33d parallel of latitude, and its length is about 1,200 miles.—The Sherman amendment, substituting the name of Fremont for that of any other at the list of incorporation, was finally adopted. The land grants appear to be liberal, but that outside of Texas is not of first rate quality, and the line along which the donations are made is only 600 miles in length. The bill now goes to the House.

New Advertisements.

Independent Candidate for Sheriff.

JOHN M. BRANAMAN, of Woolsey Valley, desires to be the voters of Yavapai county, as an Independent Democratic Candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing election, and solicits their support. jy16-td

Redemption of County Warrants

TREASURER'S OFFICE, COUNTY OF YAVAPAI. County Warrants, numbers 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72 and 73, will be paid upon presentation at this office. Interest will come from date. WILLIAM MCORY, Treasurer. jyl9-td

WARM AND COLD

At OTTO'S New Shaving and Hair Cutting Saloon, Montezuma Street, Prescott, Arizona.

Shaving, Hair Cutting, etc. In the most approved manner. THEODORE OTTO.

HOTTER'S BITTERS, At Dr. Kendall's Pioneer Drug Store.

Prescott Advertisements.

ARIZONA BREWERY AND SALOON

Next Door to the Post Office.

Excellent Lager Beer, Of our own manufacture.

Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Always on hand, and for sale.

Prescott, October 2, 1879. JACKSON & BRO.

PIONEER BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY,

GRANITE STREET, PRESCOTT.

On hand and for sale, an excellent assortment of Ready Made BOOTS, etc. for Ladies, Men, Children and Gentlemen.

Boots, shoes, etc. made to order. Repairing promptly attended to. Prices reasonable. JOHN LAUGHLIN.

PLAZA FEED AND SALE STABLE.

Goodwin Street, Opposite Plaza.

PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.

THE undersigned, having purchased the Stable of J. D. Monahan, would respectfully inform the public, that they intend keeping constantly on hand

HAY AND GRAIN,

Of the best quality, and at the lowest rates, for Cash.

Also Team, Saddle and Pack Animals always on hand for sale or hire.

Prescott, October 24, 1879. GIDEON BROOKE, JAMES LYNN.

PIONEER STABLE,

Granite Street, Prescott.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE.

First class Saddle and Heavy Teams.

All stock in this Stable will be well fed and cared for. Plenty of stable room and a large Corral.

Come and see me. F. C. AYER.

JACKSON & BRO'S

Bar & Billiard Saloon,

Next door to Campbell & Bullfinch's Brick Store,

Montezuma Street, Prescott.

Contains two of Thacker & Collier's best Billiard Tables, and is well supplied with choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

We have recently renovated, refurnished and fixed up our Saloon, so that it is now the neatest and most comfortable in Northern Arizona. JACKSON & BRO.

Prescott, February 4, 1879.

JUST RECEIVED.—A fine lot of Virginia Tobacco, of the following brands: Balls of Virginia, Antelope Nary, La Pinta, Comstock, Gold Bars, Atlantic City, etc. Golden Flake Chops—chewing, Oranoke Chops, Amber Flake, Sun Pearl, Shower of Pearls—smoking.

No more "Poco Tobacco" at our place.

W. W. BARNARD & CO.

July 1879.

Pioneer Meat Market.

Granite Street, Prescott.

Constantly on hand.

Beef, Pork, Mutton, etc.

Pork Sausages, Potatoes, Onions, &c.

W. W. KELLY, Proprietor.

Prescott, November 27, 1879.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between William Brecht and Louis Wortman, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

William Brecht is alone authorized to settle all the outstanding accounts of the company.

WILLIAM BRECHT, LOUIS WORTMAN.

Prescott, June 12, 1879.

Administrator's Sale.

Notice is hereby given, that, in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court, in and for the County of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona, duly made and entered on the 31 day of May, A. D. 1879, in the matter of the estate of FRANCIS POLISET, deceased, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on Monday, the 31st day of May, A. D. 1879, at 12 o'clock M. of that day, in front of the Court House, in the town of Prescott, all the right, title, interest and estate of said late estate, by operation of law or otherwise, acquired other than, or in addition to, that of the said late estate at the time of his death. It is to be one hundred and twelve (112) feet in the first eastern extension of the Voltaire mine, and two lots, with buildings and improvements thereon, known as Frank's meat market, on the north side of Main street, in the town of Wickenburg, and County of Yavapai.

JOSEPH KELLY, Administrator.

By J. P. HARRIS, Attorney. my7-td

Prescott, May 7, 1879.

Postponement of Sale.

The above sale is postponed until Wednesday, August 24, 1879.

JOS. KELLY, Administrator.

I. O. O. F., ARIZONA LODGE, NO. 1.

Regular Meetings of this Lodge on Wednesdays, at Masonic Hall, Members of the Order, in good standing, are invited to attend.

E. J. COOK, R. S. T. S. RUFF, N. G.

AZTLAN LODGE, No. 177, F. & A. M.

Regular Meetings of this Lodge on the last Saturday of each month, at 7 o'clock P. M.

Sojourning brethren are fraternally invited to attend.

G. W. CURTIS, W. M. E. W. WELLS, Secretary.

Blank Mining and Quitclaim Deeds, Special and General Powers of Attorney, etc., for sale at the Miner Office.

At the Miner Office.

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Miscellaneous.

HOOPER, WHITING & CO.

San Francisco and Fort Yuma, California.

Arizona City, Maricopa Wells, Sacaton, Sweet Water, and Camp

McDowell, Arizona.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants.

We wish to call the attention of the public generally, and MERCHANTS, particularly, to our facilities for Wholesale and Jobbing at Low Rates.

We keep constantly on hand, at

ARIZONA CITY,

The Largest and Most General Stock of Goods in the Territory, or in any one house south of San Francisco,

Comprising Everything the Country Requires.

All of our goods are either imported direct or bought of direct importers. We buy nothing from second hands; thereby saving the San Francisco jobber's profit, which is ALL WE ASK TO MAKE. "Live and Let Live," is our motto. Our terms are CASH, EXCLUSIVELY, and, FOR CASH, we are always in readiness to supply dealers, rancheros and others, with goods, in jobbing lots, at

Unprecedentedly Low Prices.

HOOPER, WHITING & CO.

Arizona City, November 30, 1879.

PINE'S HOTEL,

San Bernardino, California.

This well known hotel is open for the reception of guests at all hours of the day or night. The house has been renovated and refurnished throughout. The table is abundantly supplied with the best of everything the market affords, and the sleeping accommodations of the house are excellent.

Attached to the hotel is a BAR, well stocked with good Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Also, a BILLIARD SALOON, A FEED STABLE, where every case will be taken of animals, is also connected with the hotel.

The Arizona and California Stages arrive at and depart from this hotel, and the undersigned solicits the patronage of persons passing to and from Arizona, as well as of the public generally.

C. STARKE.

San Bernardino, Cal., March 26, 1879.

A. BARNETT,

... DEALER IN ...

Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Dry-Goods,

Boots, Shoes, Tobacco, &c.

WICKENBURG, ARIZONA.

Sells cheaper than any other merchant in Central Arizona.

nov20-79

DR. HUFELAND'S

CELEBRATED

Swiss Stomach Bitters.

The first and most beautiful Tonic ever introduced into the United States is still the leading article, and more of this sold than of all other so-called Tonics or Bitters.

For Sale to the Trade by TAYLOR & BENDIS, Sole Agents, 425 and 431 Clay Street, San Francisco, California.

MAGNOLIA BREWERY

AND SALOON,

Wickenburg, Arizona Territory.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public and his old friends, that he is now manufacturing, and keeps constantly on hand, a superior quality of

LAGER BEER.

For Wholesale and Retail, in Bottles or Kegs.

THE SALOON is well supplied with excellent Wines, Liquors, Cigars, etc., and contains

Two Good Billiard Tables.

The patronage of the public is solicited.

my14-79

A. H. FEEPLES, Proprietor.

SAM'L TODD, A. E. DAVIS

TODD & DAVIS,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL DEALERS IN

Clothing,

Provisions,

Liquors and

Tobacco.

MOHAVE CITY, ARIZONA,

Are prepared to sell at as low prices for cash as any house on the Colorado River.

Particular attention given to orders.

my19

La Paz and San Bernardino.

The Stages of the undersigned, carrying the U. S. Overland Mail, leave San Bernardino, California, every Wednesday Morning, on the arrival of the Los Angeles stages, for La Paz, Arizona, arriving at La Paz every Saturday morning and departing every Saturday evening.

Passengers, packages, etc. transported at low rates.

Agents—JOSEPH MARK, San Bernardino; GRAY & CO. La Paz.

WATERS & NOBLE, Proprietors.

San Bernardino, March 30, 1879.

ARIZONA STAGE LINE.